



DC12-100 (12V100Ah)

DC (Deep Cycle) series is specially designed for frequent cyclic discharge. By using strong grids and specially designed active material, the DC series battery offers 30% more cyclic life than the standby series. It is suitable for solar energy systems, marine and RV etc.



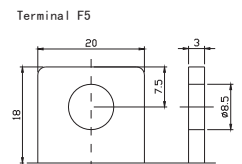
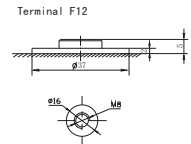
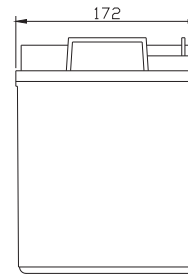
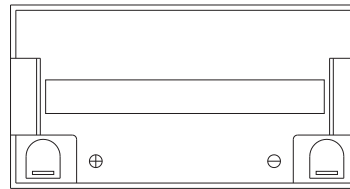
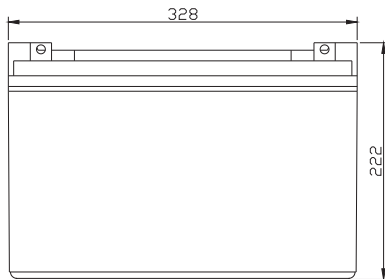
Specification

Cells Per Unit	6
Voltage Per Unit	12
Capacity	100Ah@10hr-rate to 1.80V per cell @25°C
Weight	Approx. 30.0 Kg (Tolerance $\pm 2\%$)
Max. Discharge Current	1000 A (5 sec)
Internal Resistance	Approx. 5 m Ω
Operating Temperature Range	Discharge: -20°C~60°C Charge: 0°C~50°C Storage: -20°C~60°C
Normal Operating Temperature Range	25°C \pm 5°C
Float charging Voltage	13.6 to 13.8 VDC/unit Average at 25°C
Recommended Maximum Charging Current	30 A
Equalization and Cycle Service	14.6 to 14.8 VDC/unit Average at 25°C
Self Discharge	RITAR Valve Regulated Lead Acid (VRLA) batteries can be stored for more than 6 months at 25°C. Self-discharge ratio less than 3% per month at 25°C. Please charge batteries before using.
Terminal	Terminal F5/F12
Container Material	A.B.S. UL94-HB, UL94-V0 Optional.



Dimensions

Unit: mm Dimension: 328(L) \times 172(W) \times 222(H)



Constant Current Discharge Characteristics: A (25°C)

F.V/Time	5MIN	10MIN	15MIN	30MIN	1HR	2HR	3HR	4HR	5HR	8HR	10HR	20HR
9.60V	320.7	226.9	181.4	112.7	65.00	38.89	26.88	22.03	18.03	12.42	10.50	5.78
10.0V	311.4	215.8	177.7	110.8	64.70	38.60	26.78	21.93	17.93	12.32	10.40	5.67
10.2V	302.2	208.2	174.9	109.8	64.10	38.31	26.57	21.83	17.82	12.22	10.30	5.57
10.5V	271.3	192.1	166.5	107.1	63.50	38.02	26.47	21.62	17.61	12.12	10.20	5.46
10.8V	244.9	175.2	153.5	102.4	62.00	37.33	25.75	21.11	17.29	11.92	10.10	5.36
11.1V	209.1	156.6	137.7	95.91	58.90	35.68	24.62	20.09	16.55	11.41	9.80	5.04

Constant Power Discharge Characteristics: W (25°C)

F.V/Time	5MIN	10MIN	15MIN	30MIN	1HR	2HR	3HR	4HR	5HR	8HR	10HR	20HR
9.60V	3317	2416	1996	1284	751.1	458.4	319.9	262.6	215.1	148.3	125.5	69.26
10.0V	3251	2342	1964	1269	749.3	456.0	320.0	262.3	214.6	147.6	124.7	68.06
10.2V	3214	2280	1941	1260	743.5	453.3	318.6	261.7	213.9	146.6	123.6	66.80
10.5V	2926	2123	1852	1230	736.8	450.0	317.4	259.3	211.3	145.4	122.4	65.54
10.8V	2665	1957	1712	1179	723.2	444.2	308.7	253.4	207.5	143.0	121.2	64.28
11.1V	2341	1770	1541	1108	692.3	427.7	295.4	241.1	198.6	136.9	117.6	60.50

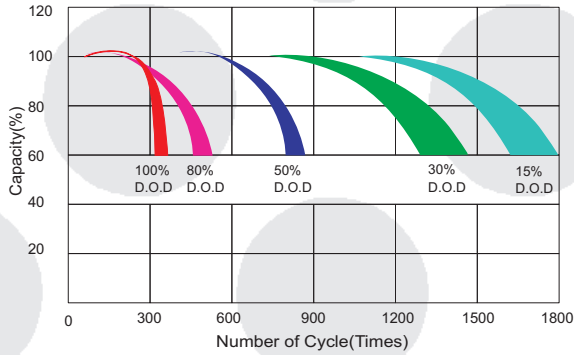
All mentioned values are average values (Tolerance $\pm 2\%$).

DC12-100

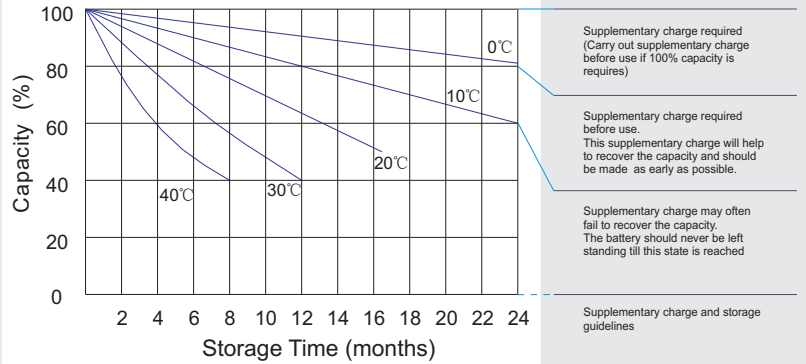
12V100Ah



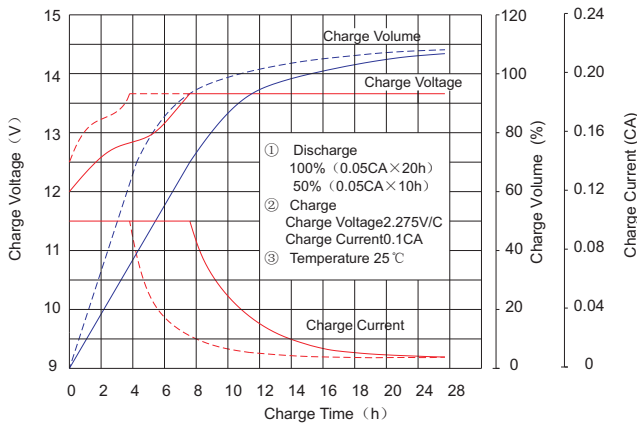
Life characteristics of cyclic use



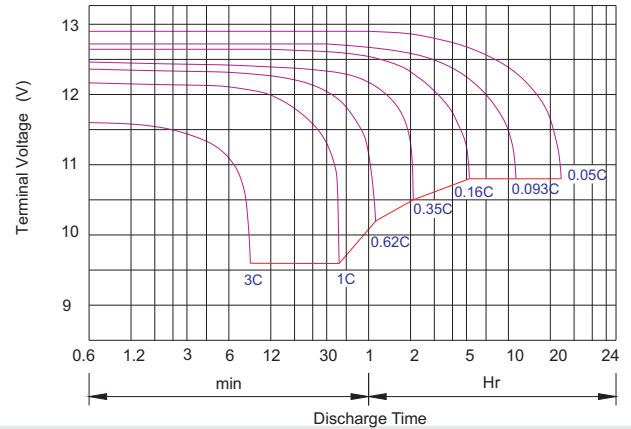
Storage characteristic



Charge characteristic Curve for standby use



Discharge characteristic Curve



Capacity Factors With Different Temperature

Battery Type		-20°C	-10°C	0°C	5°C	10°C	20°C	25°C	30°C	40°C	45°C
Battery	6V&12V	50%	70%	83%	85%	90%	98%	100%	102%	104%	105%
	2V	60%	75%	85%	88%	92%	99%	100%	103%	105%	106%
Battery	6V&12V	46%	66%	76%	83%	90%	98%	100%	103%	107%	109%
	2V	55%	70%	80%	85%	92%	99%	100%	104%	108%	110%

Discharge Current VS. Discharge Voltage

Final Discharge Voltage V/cell	1.75V	1.70V	1.60V
Discharge Current (A)	(A) ≤ 0.2C	0.2C < (A) < 1.0C	(A) ≥ 1.0C

Charge the batteries at least once every six months, if they are stored at 25°C.

Charging Method:

Constant Voltage	-0.2Cx2h+14.4-14.7Vx24h, Max. Current 0.3C
Constant Current	-0.2Cx2h+0.1Cx7h+0.05Cx4h
Fast	-0.2Cx2h+0.3Cx3h

Bolt	M5	M6	M8
Terminal	F3 F4 F13 F18 T25 T26	F8 F11 F12-1 F15	F5 F9 F10 F12 F14 F16
Torque	6 [~] 7N·m	8 [~] 10N·m	10 [~] 12N·m

Maintenance & Cautions

Cycle service

- ※ Avoid battery over discharge, especially battery series connection use.
- ※ Charged with recommend voltage, ensure battery can be full recharged.
- In general, recharge capacity should be 1.1-1.15 times discharge capacity.
- ※ Effect of temperature on cycle charge voltage: -4mV/°C/Cell.
- ※ There are a number of factors that will affect the length of cyclic service.
- The most significant are depth of discharge, ambient temperature, discharge rate, and the manner in which the battery is recharged.
- Generally speaking, the most important factors is depth of discharge.